

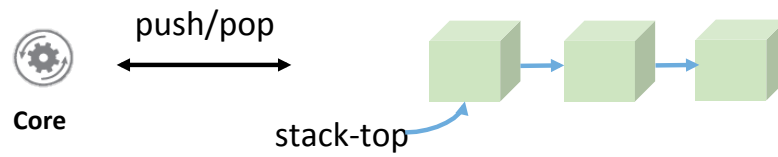
CASPAR: BREAKING SERIALIZATION IN LOCK-FREE MULTICORE SYNCHRONIZATION

Tanmay Gangwani[‡], Adam Morrison^{*}, Josep Torrellas[‡]

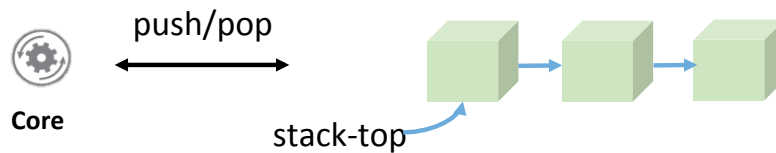
University of Illinois, Urbana-Champaign[‡]

Technion – Israel Institute of Technology^{*}

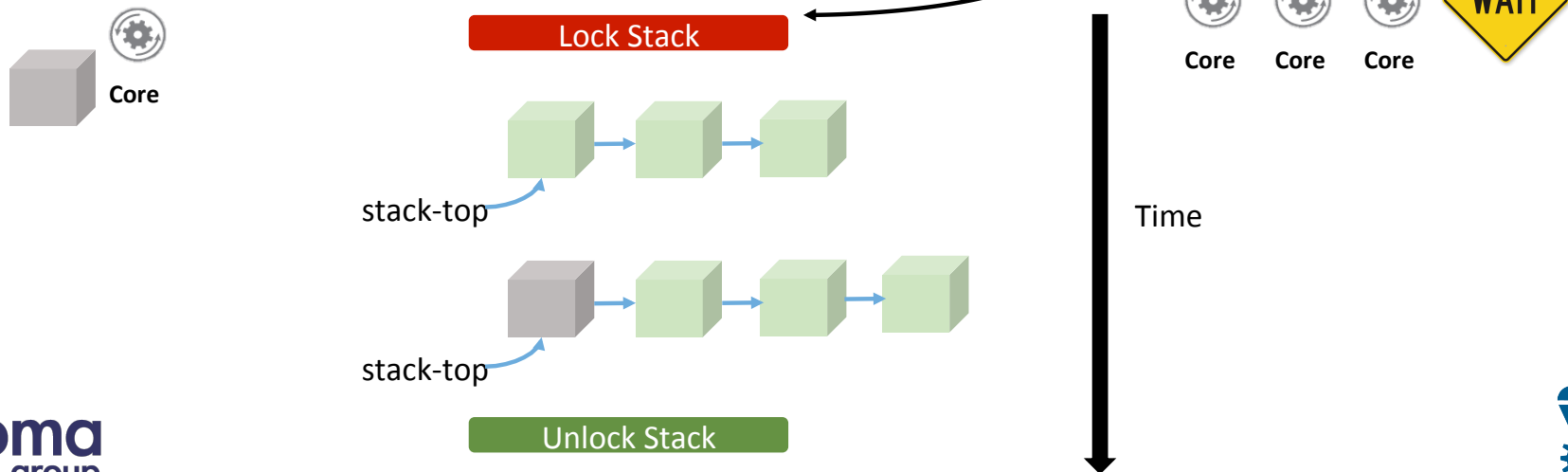
Concurrent Data Structures



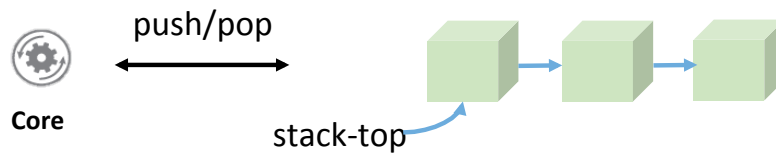
Concurrent Data Structures



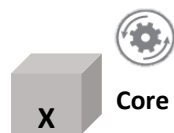
- Lock-based Synchronization



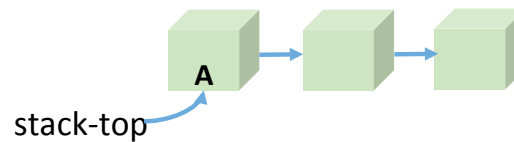
Concurrent Data Structures



- Lock-free Synchronization

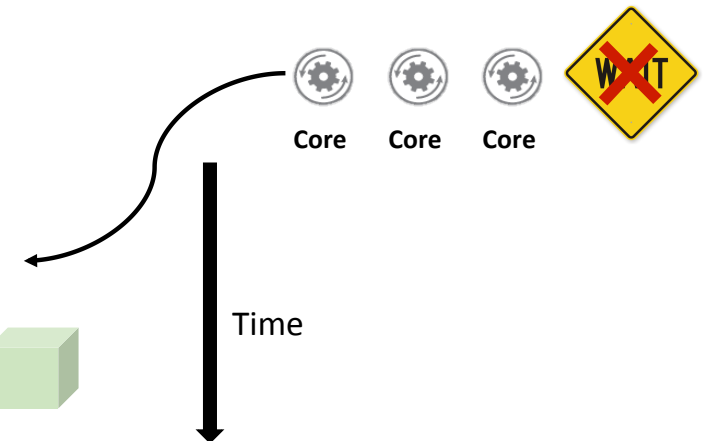
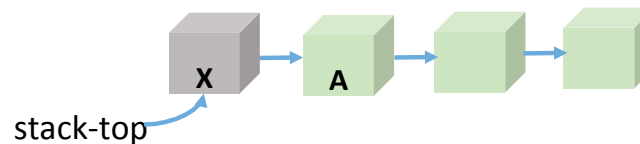


1. read stack-top



2. read-modify-write
stack-top

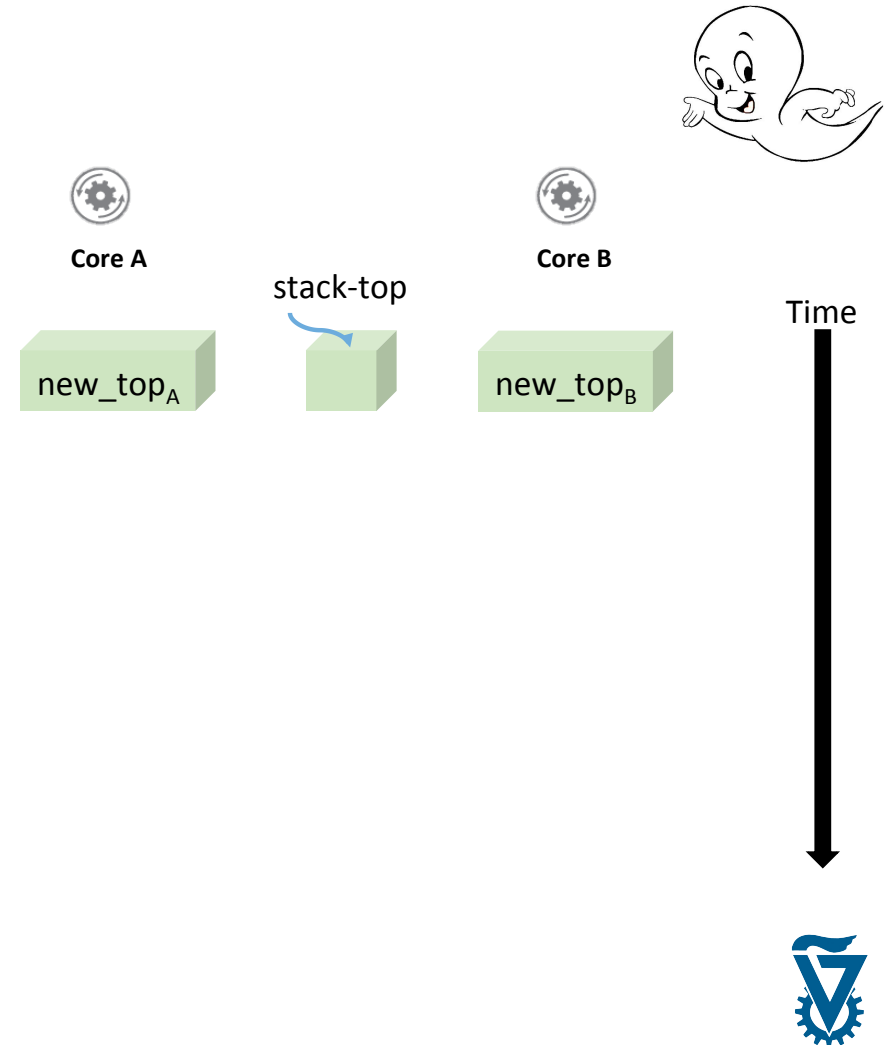
CAS (A, X)



CAS Failures

Adding node to shared stack

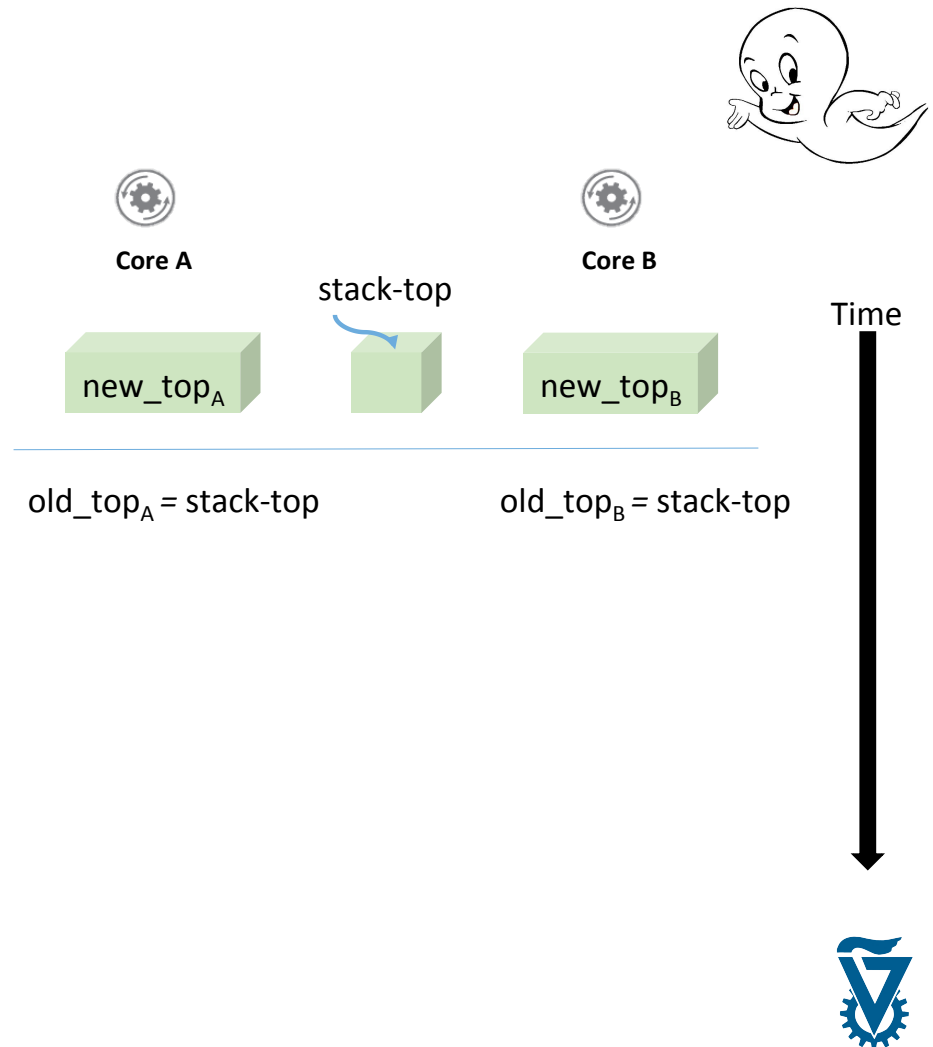
```
void push () {  
    Node *new_top = malloc();  
    while(true) {  
        old_top = stack-top;  
        new_top->next = old_top;  
        if(CAS(&stack-top, old_top, new_top))  
            return;  
    }  
}
```



CAS Failures

Adding node to shared stack

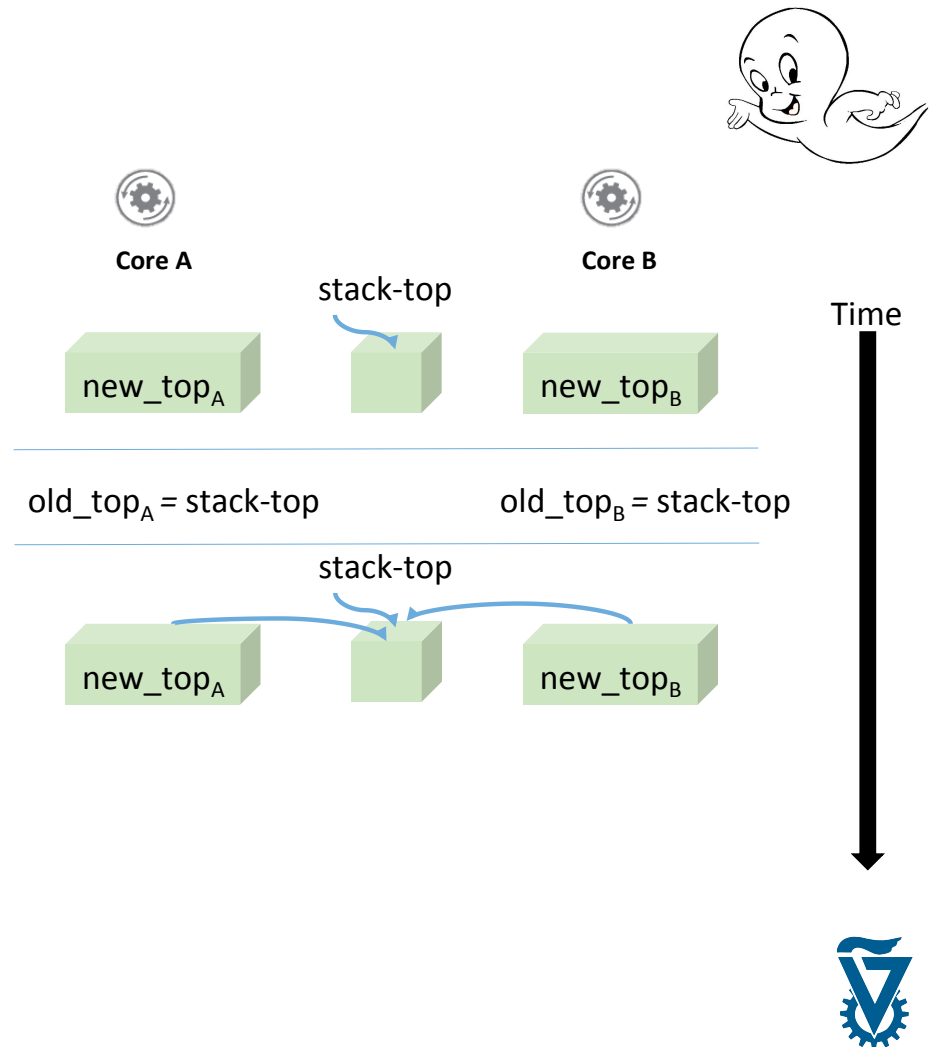
```
void push () {  
    Node *new_top = malloc();  
    while(true) {  
        → old_top = stack-top;  
        new_top->next = old_top;  
        if(CAS(&stack-top, old_top, new_top))  
            return;  
    }  
}
```



CAS Failures

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        if(CAS(&stack-top, old_top, new_top))  
            return;  
    }  
}
```



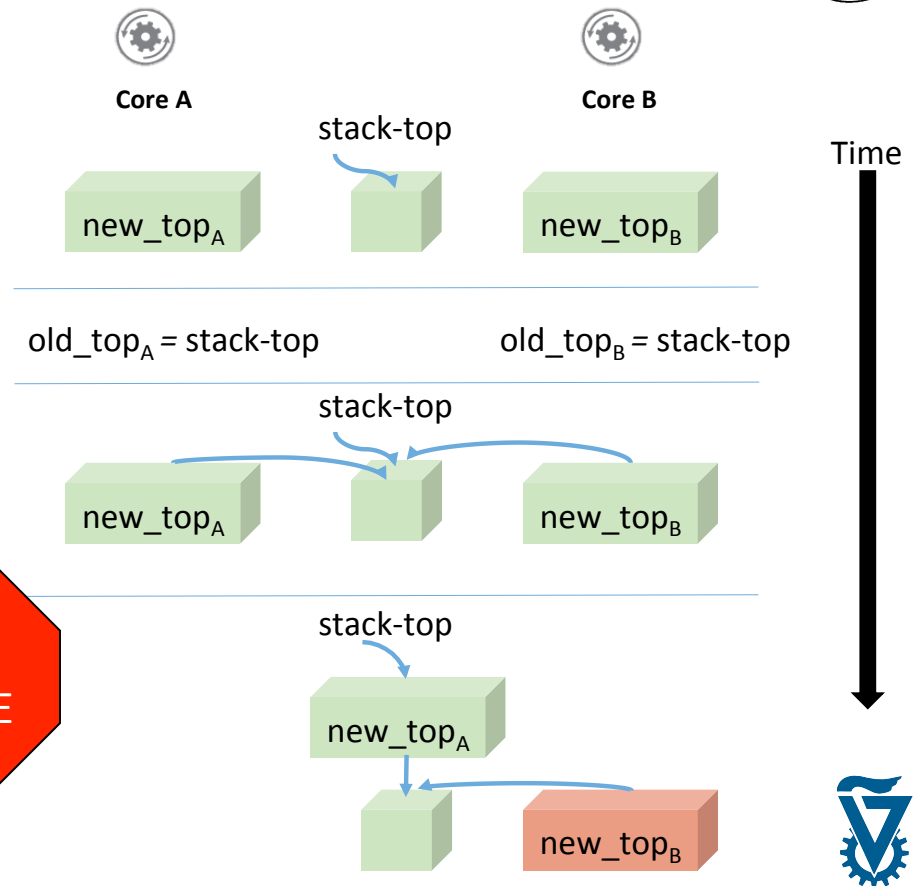
CAS Failures



Adding node to shared stack

```
void push () {  
    Node *new_top = malloc();  
    while(true) {  
        old_top = stack-top;  
        new_top->next = old_top;  
        → if(CAS(&stack-top, old_top, new_top))  
            return;  
    }  
}
```

CAS
FAILURE



Load-to-CAS Atomicity



ATOMIC



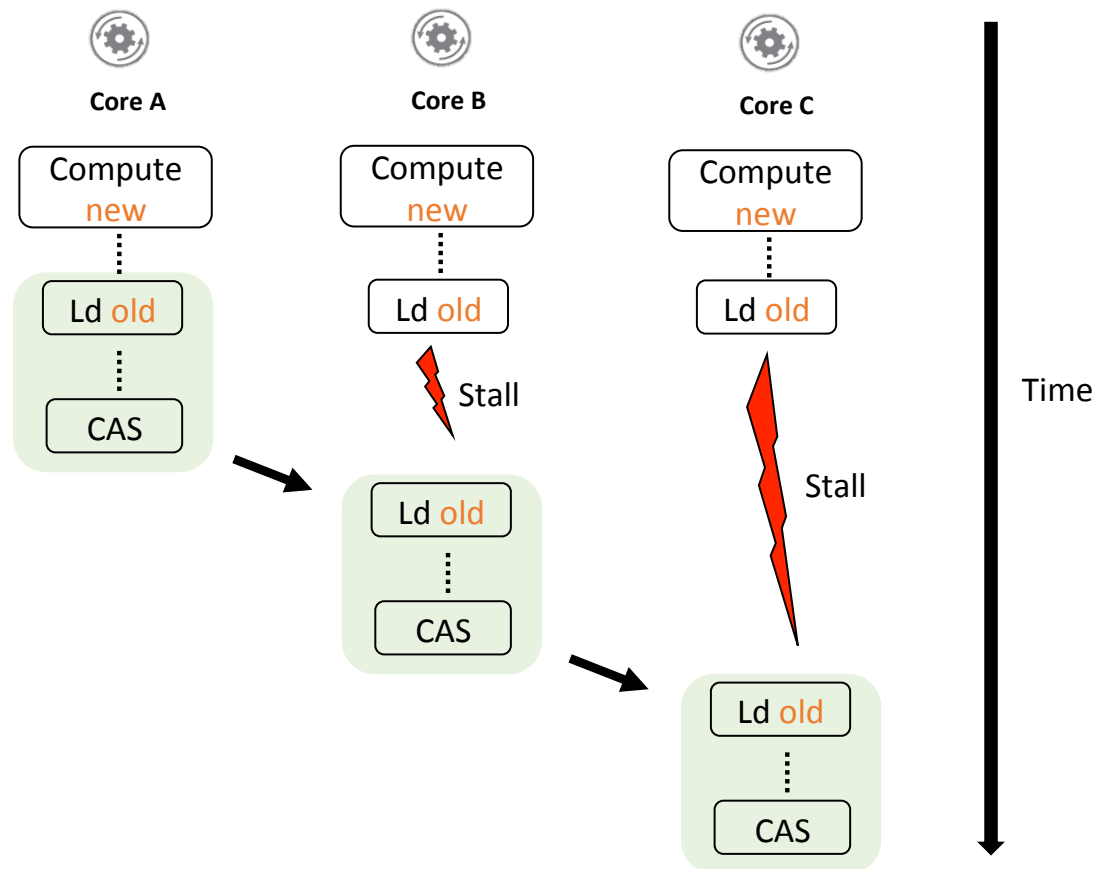
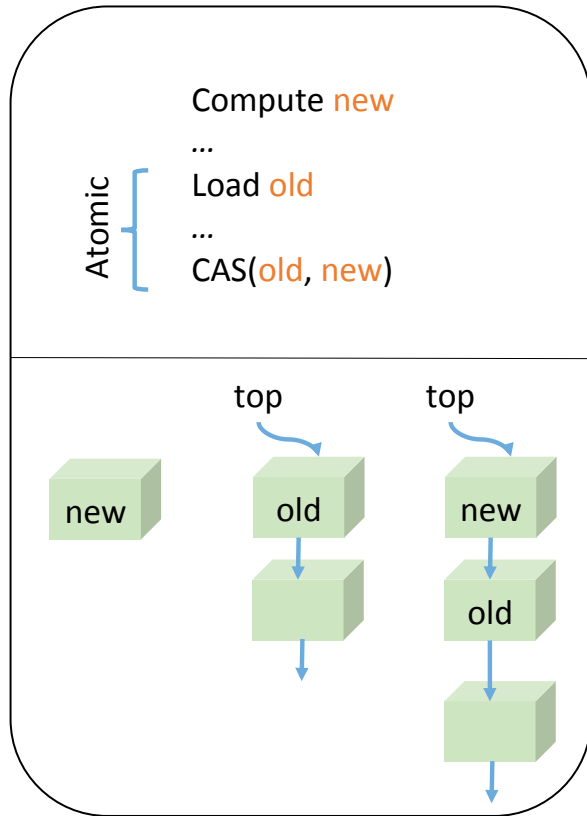
Adding node to shared stack

```
void push () {  
    Node *new_top = malloc();  
    while(true) {  
        old_top = stack-top;  
        new_top->next = old_top;  
        if(CAS(&stack-top, old_top,  
            new_top))  
            return;  
    }  
}
```

Cache Line Lock

NO CAS
FAILURES

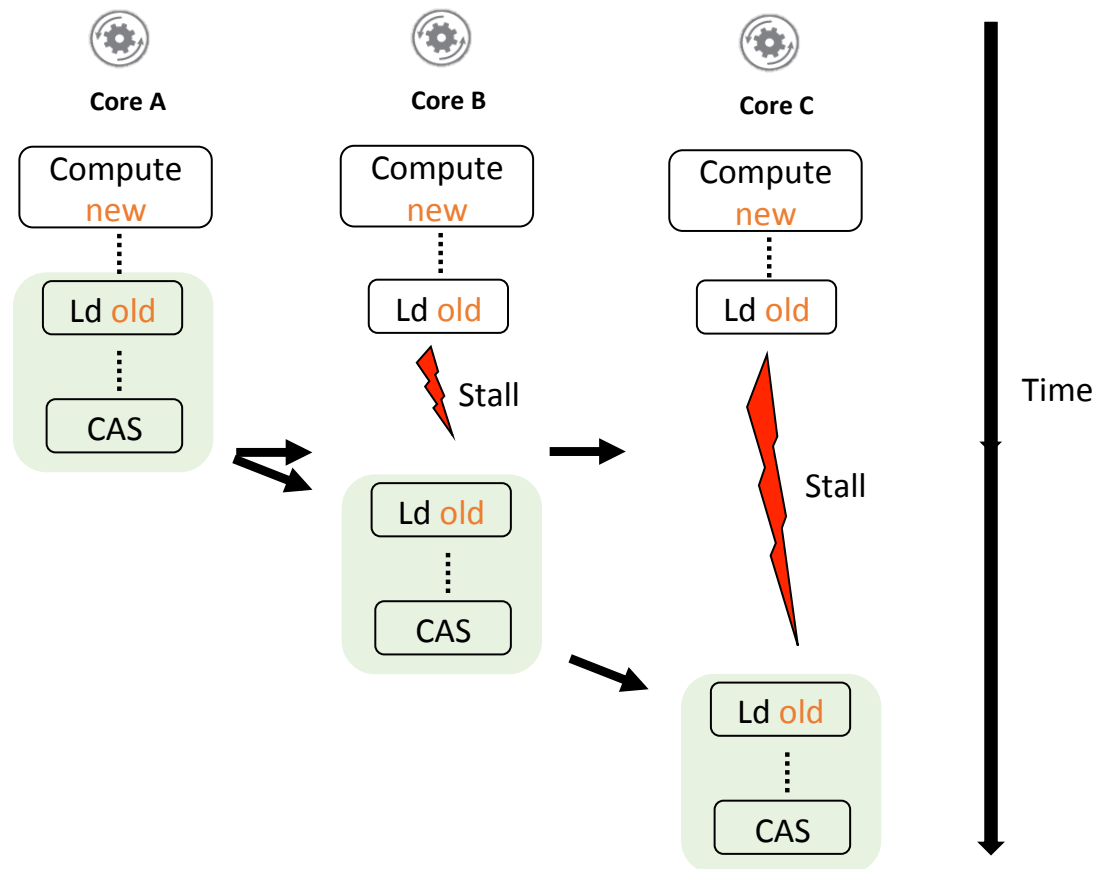
Scourge of Serialization



Contribution

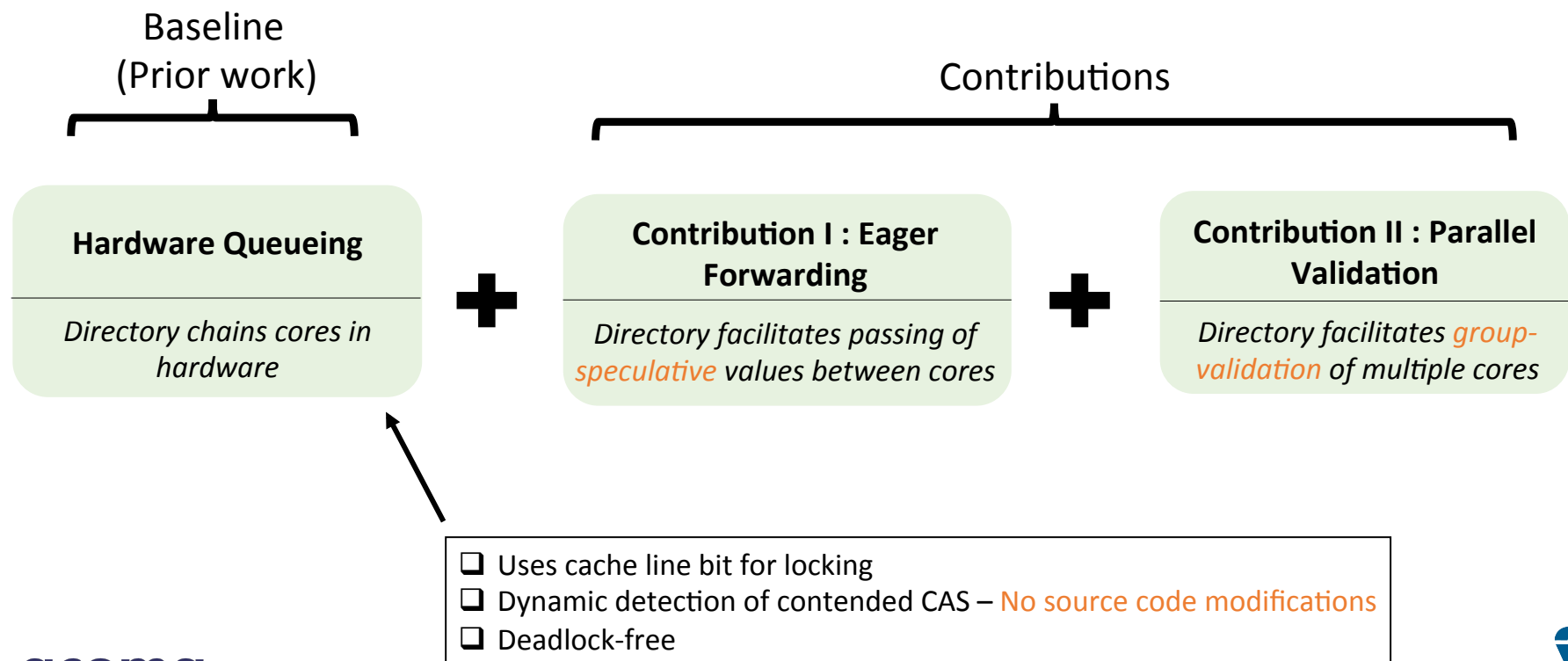
CASPAR reduces stalls in lock-free programs using two new techniques :

- ✓ Eager Forwarding
- ✓ Group Validation

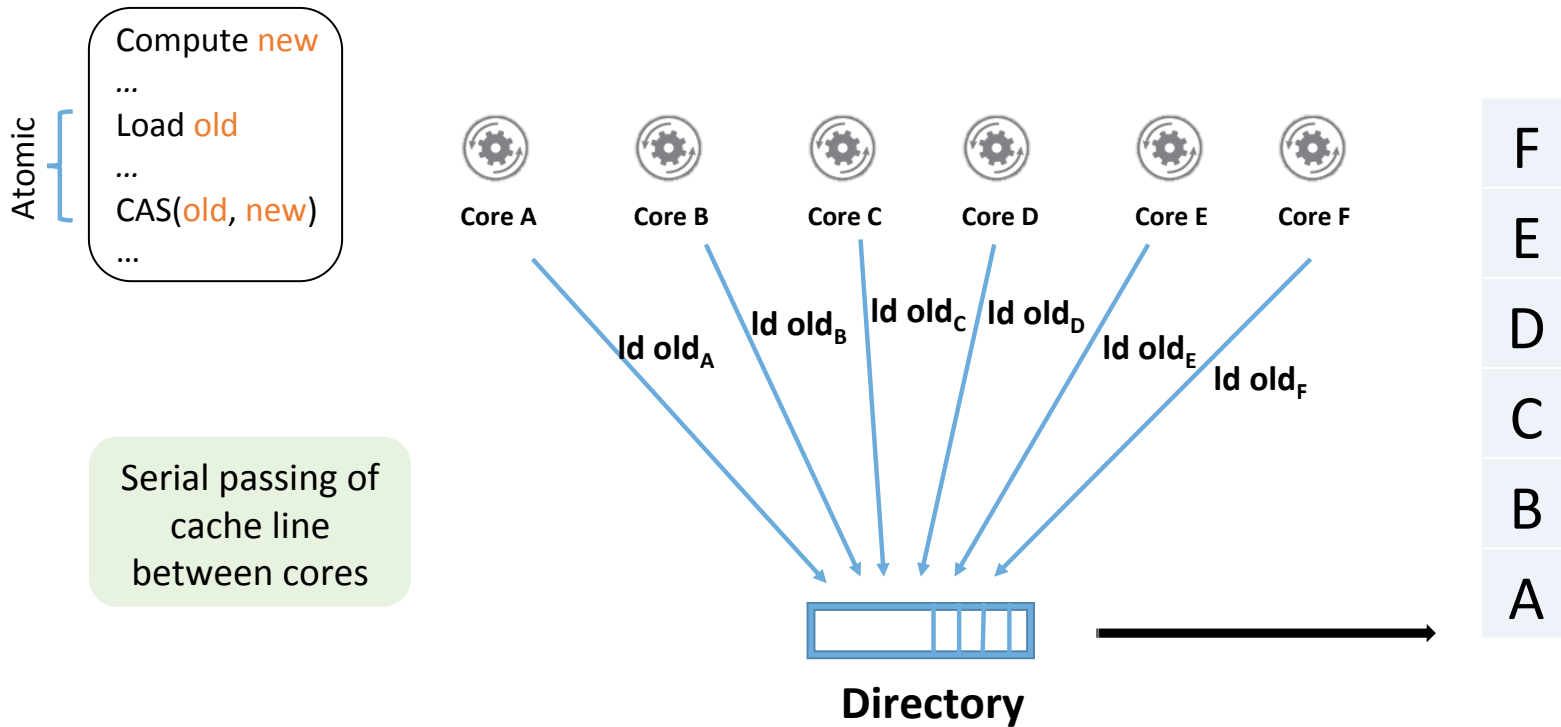




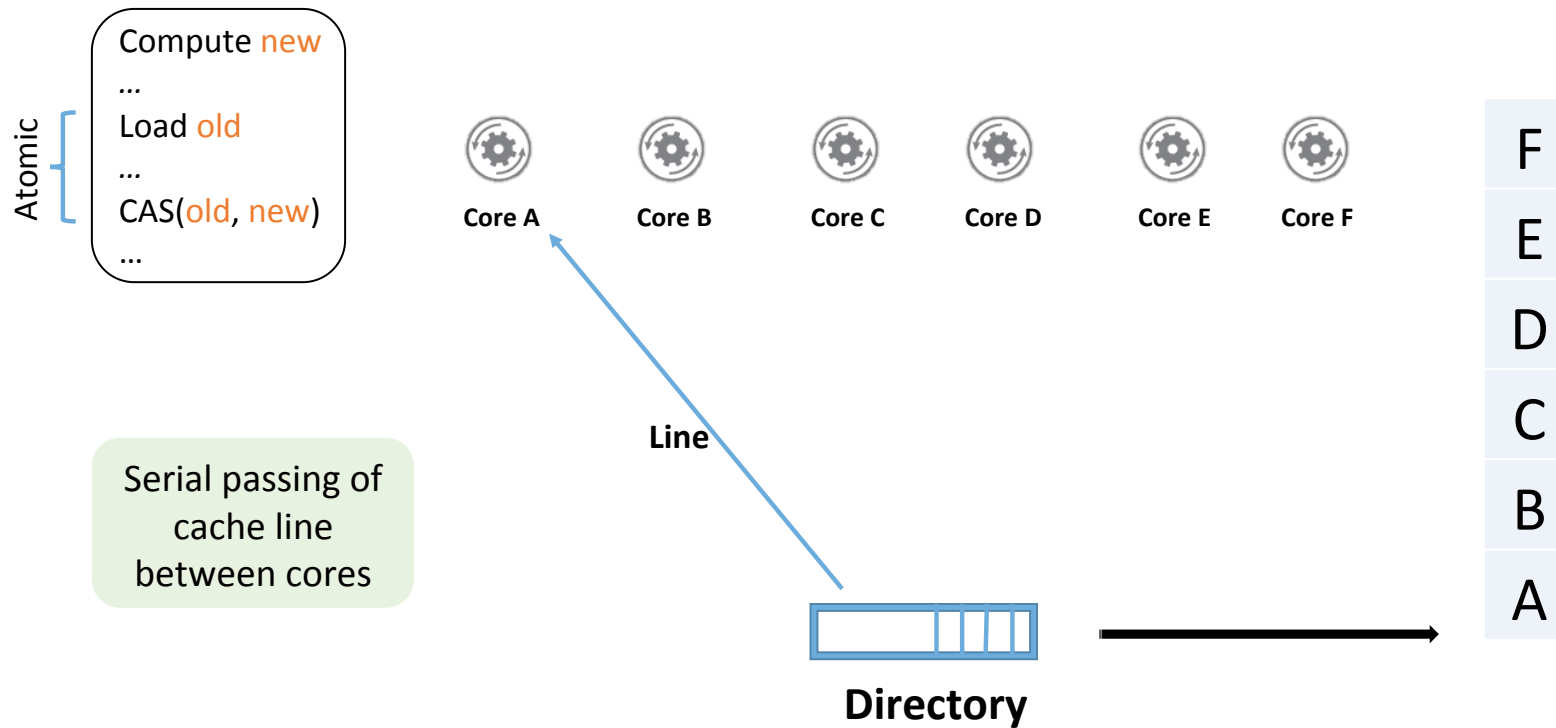
CASPAR Fights Serialization



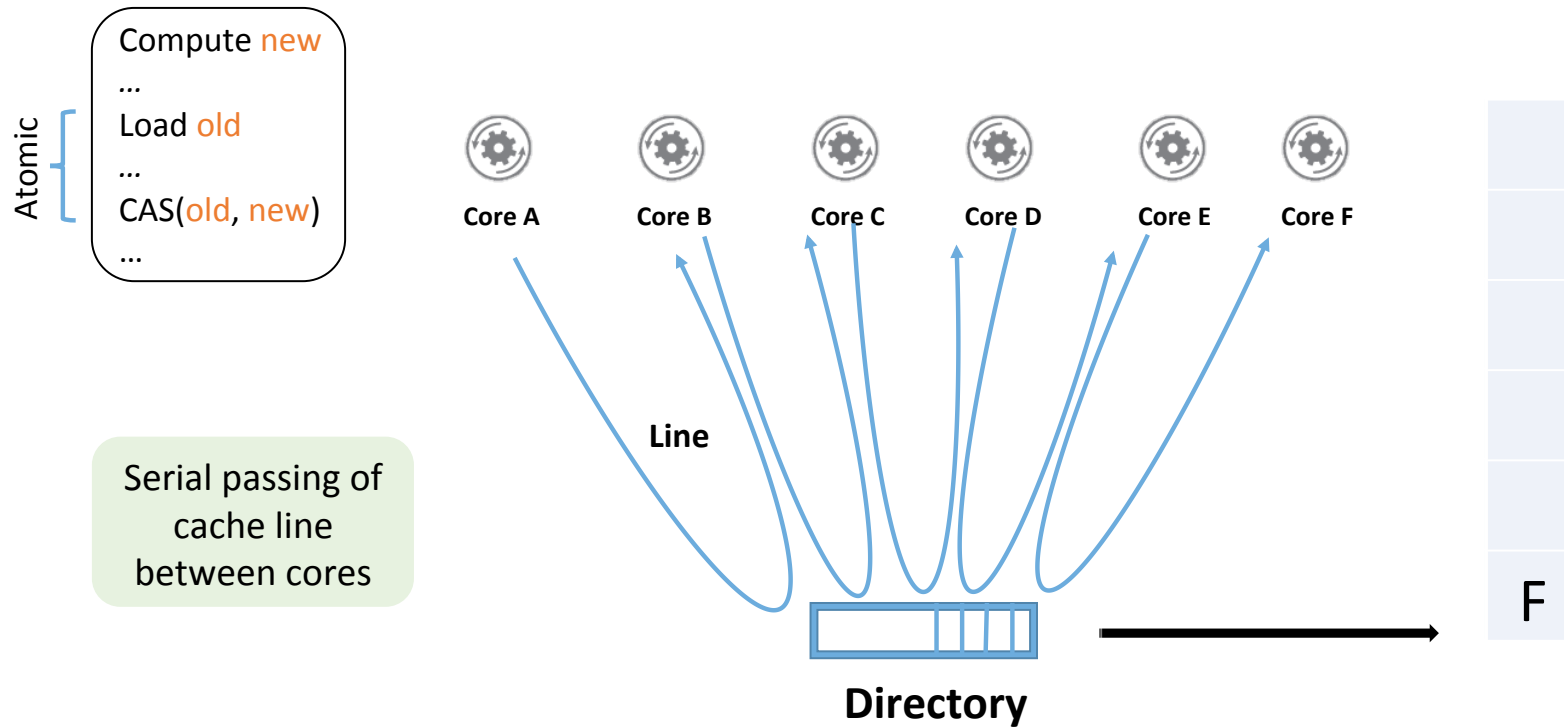
Serialization in Hardware Queueing



Serialization in Hardware Queueing



Serialization in Hardware Queueing



Contribution I : Eager Forwarding - Insight



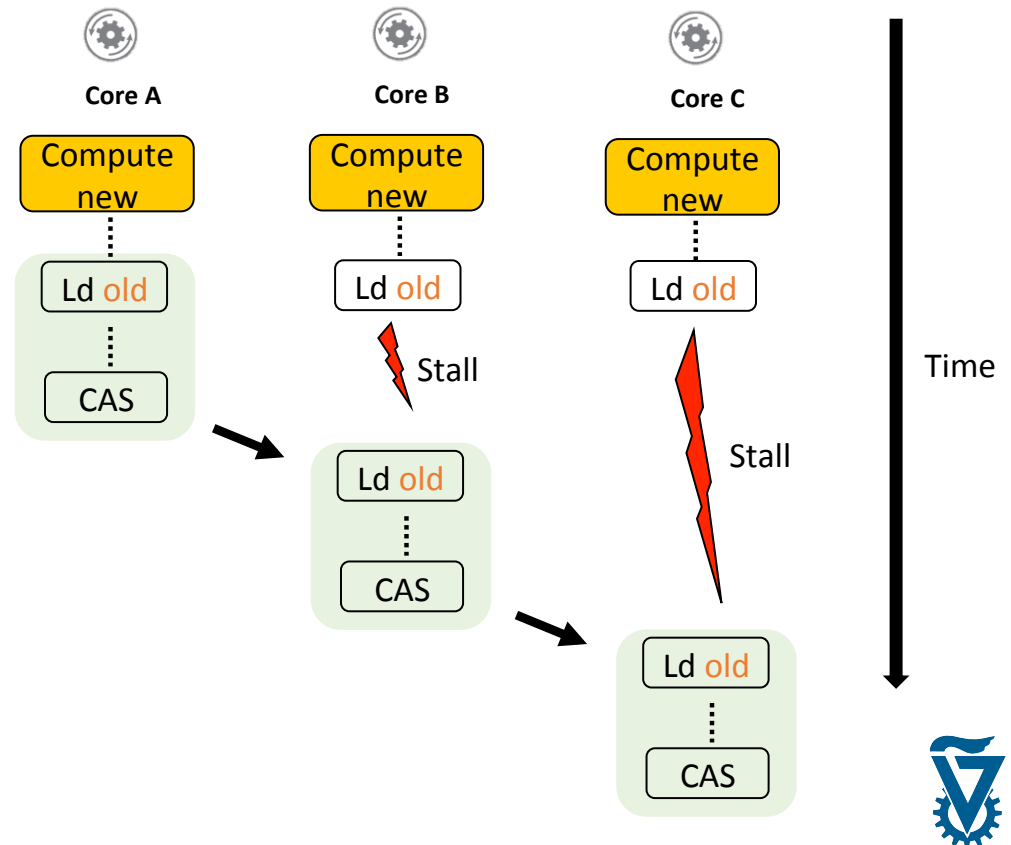
Adding node to shared stack

```
void push () {  
    Node *new_top = malloc();  
    while(true) {
```

Atomic {
 old_top = stack;
 new_top->next = old_top;
 if(CAS(&stack, old_top,
 new_top))

```
        return;  
    }
```

new_top generated
early on, independent
of old_top



CASPAR – Eager Forwarding



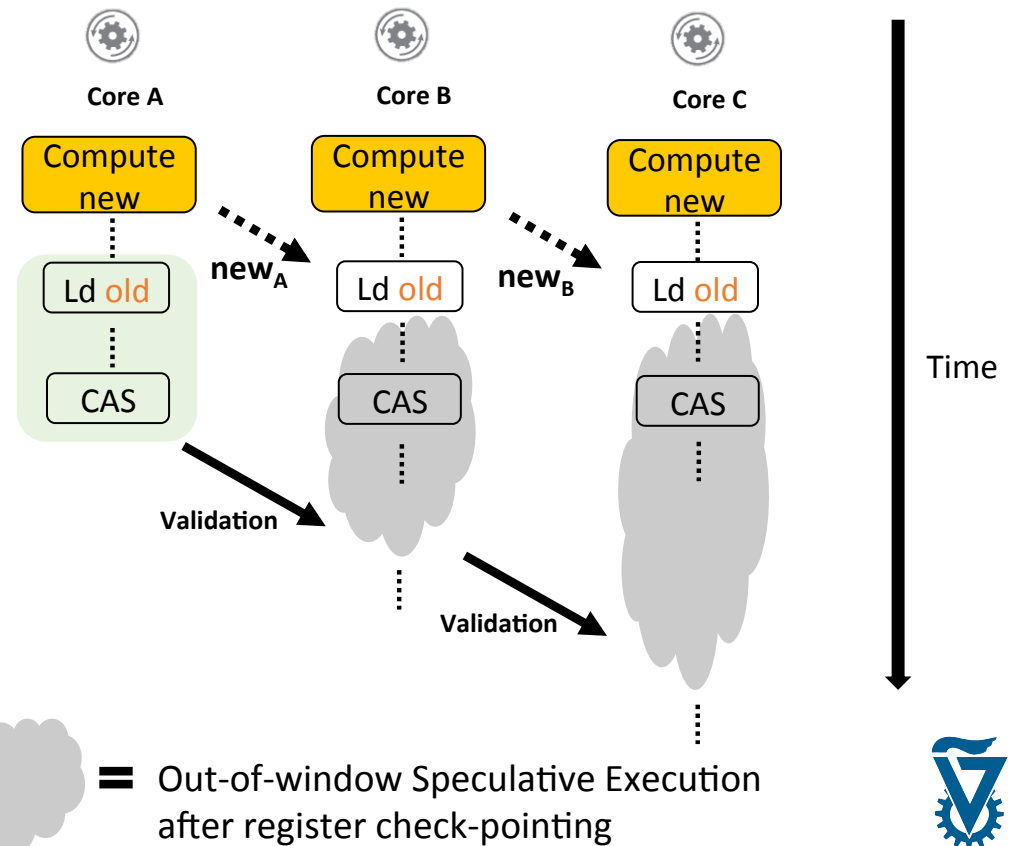
Adding node to shared stack

```
void push () {  
    Node *new_top = malloc();  
    while(true) {
```

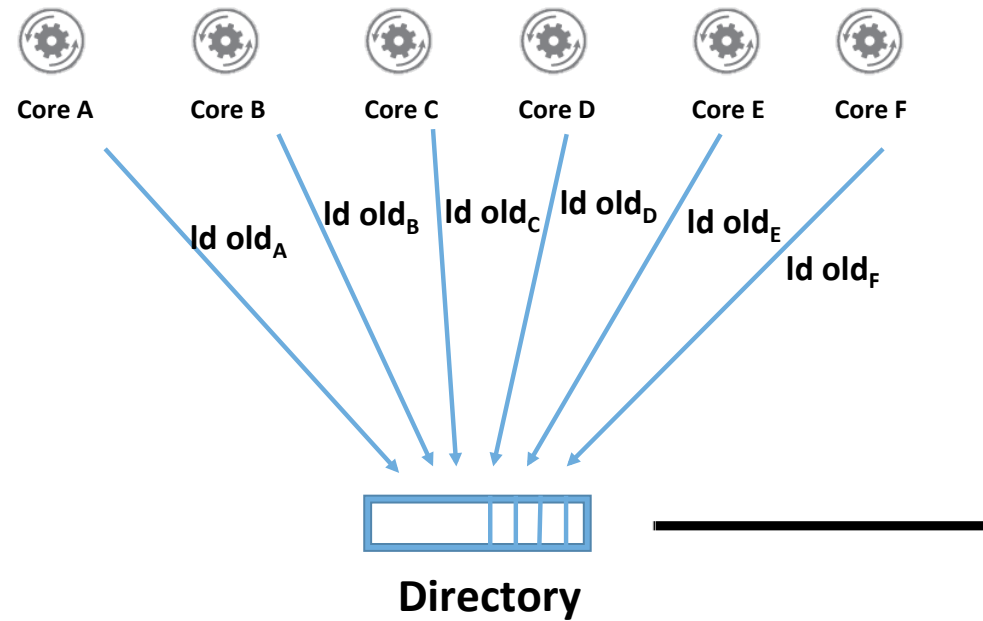
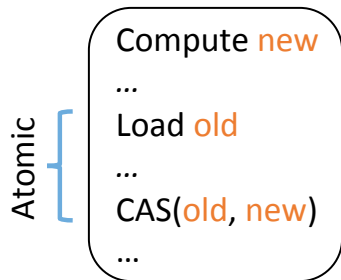
Atomic {
 old_top = stack;
 new_top->next = old_top;
 if(CAS(&stack, old_top,
 new_top))

```
        return;  
    }
```

new_top generated
early on, independent
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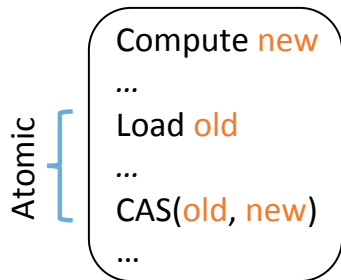


CASPAR – Eager Forwarding



F	
E	
D	
C	
B	
A	

CASPAR – Eager Forwarding



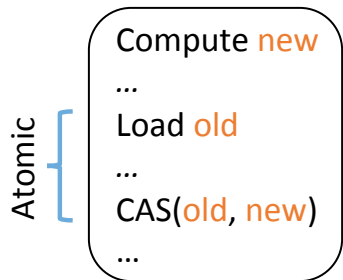
Line



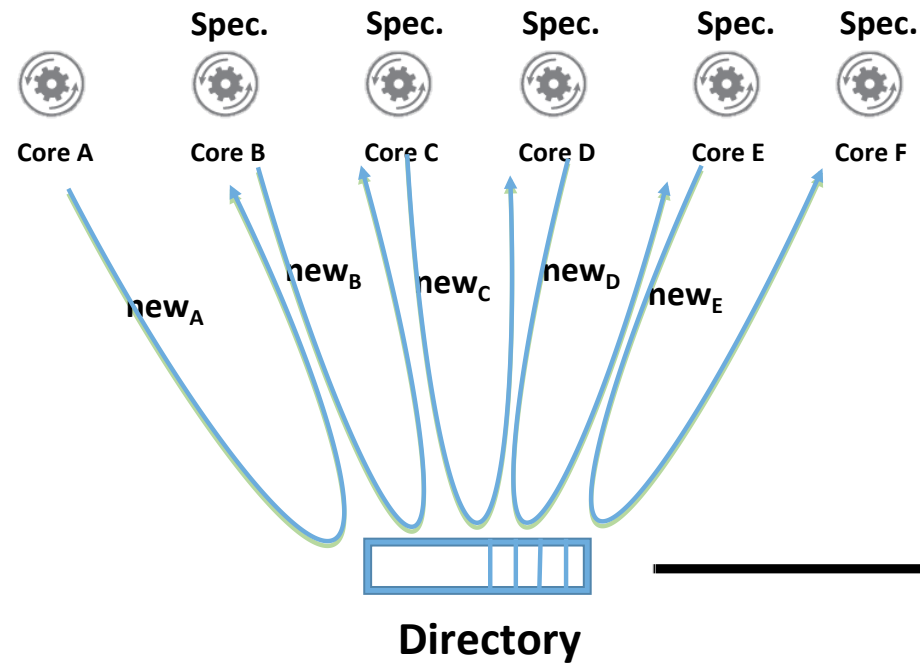
Directory

F	
E	
D	
C	
B	
A	

CASPAR – Eager Forwarding

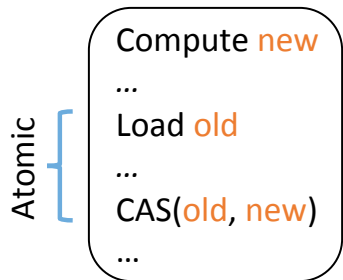


Parallel passing of speculative values between cores

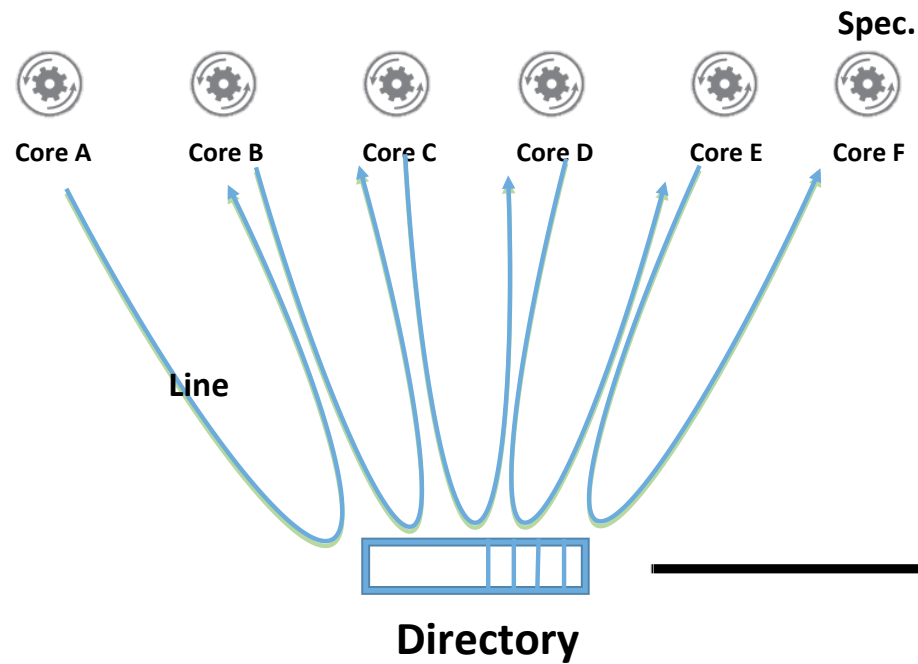


F	new_F
E	new_E
D	new_D
C	new_C
B	new_B
A	new_A

CASPAR – Eager Forwarding

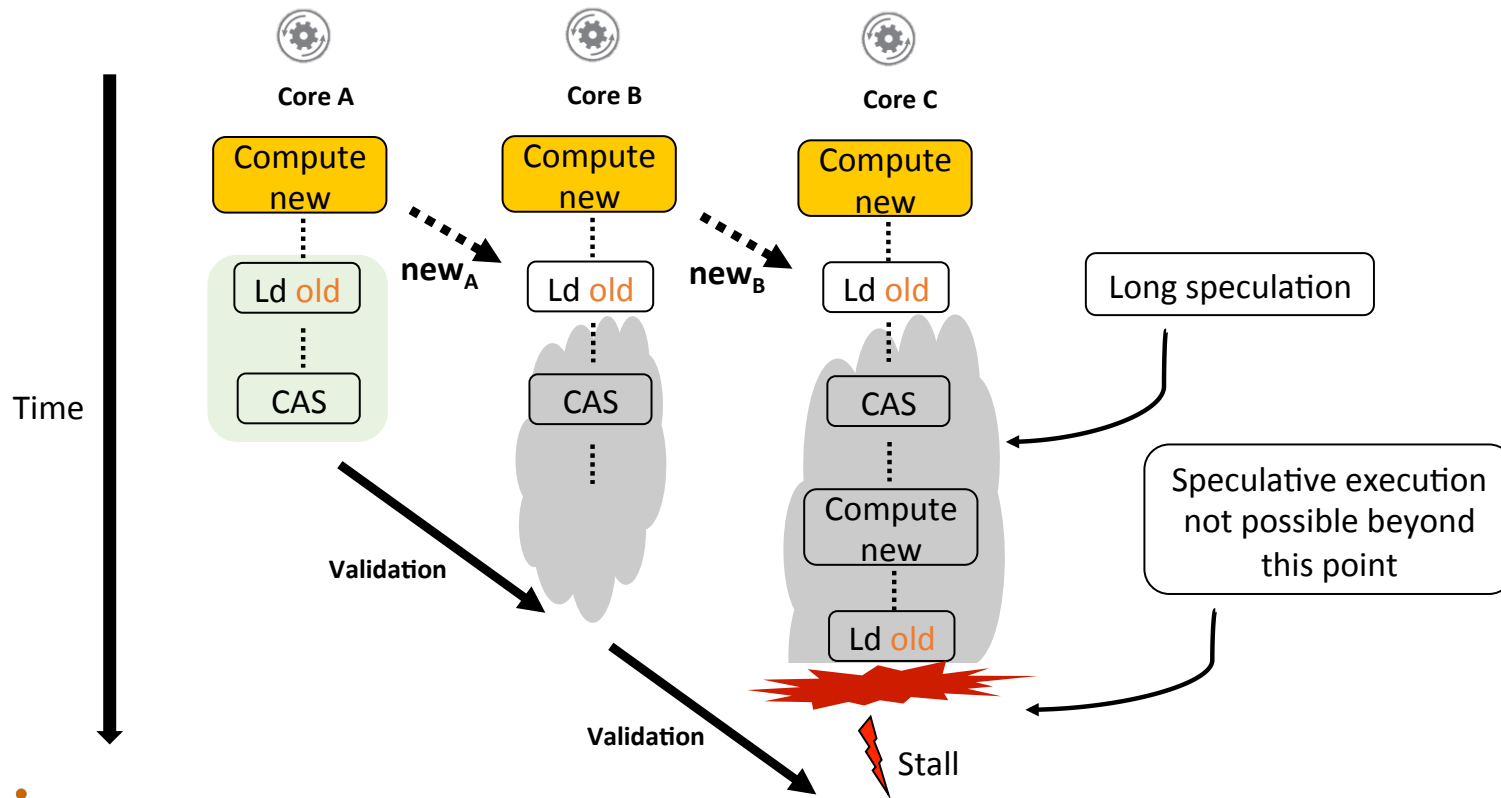


Serial Validation

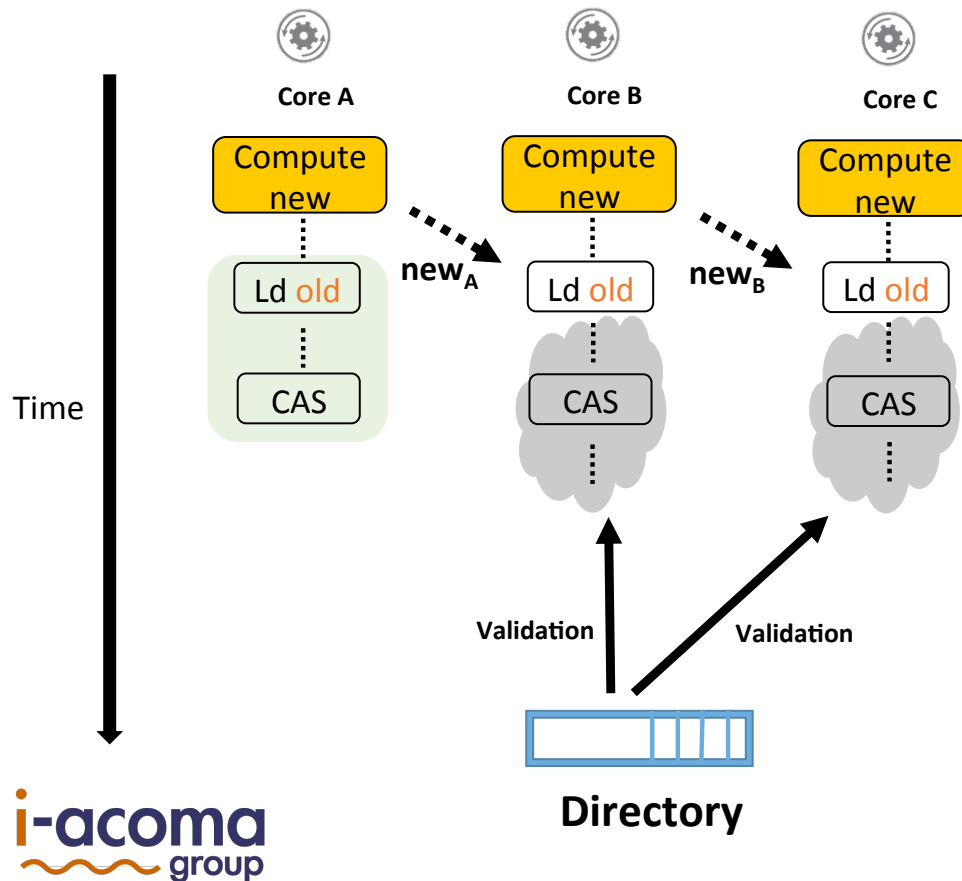


F	new _F

Limitations of Eager Forwarding



Contribution II : Parallel Validation

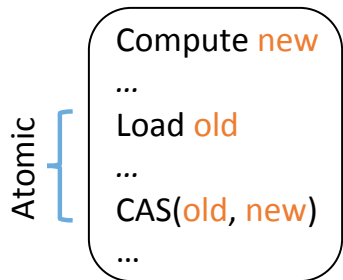


TWO-PHASE
COMMIT (2PC)
PROTOCOL TO
PERFORM
PARALLEL
VALIDATION

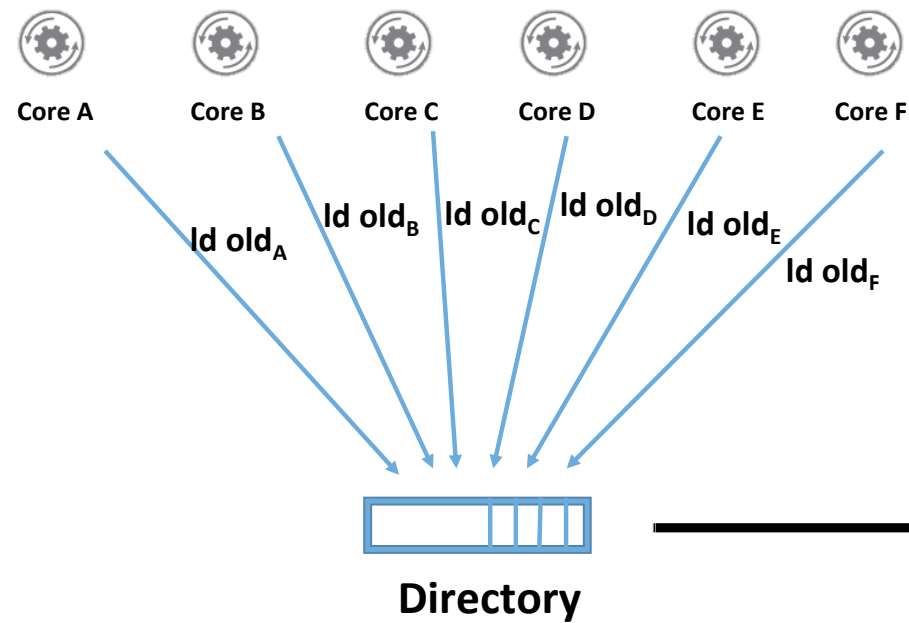
Idea: Validate in the directory
without ever sending the full
line to the core



CASPAR – Parallel Validation

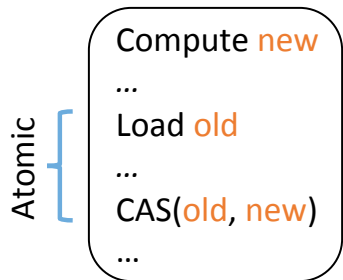


Parallel passing of
speculative values
between cores

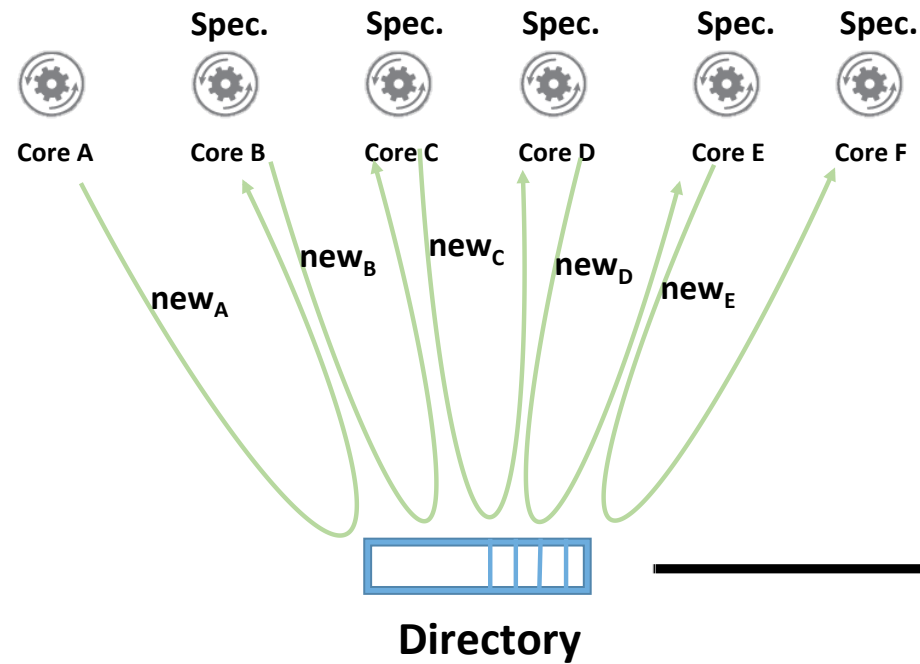


F	
E	
D	
C	
B	
A	

CASPAR – Parallel Validation

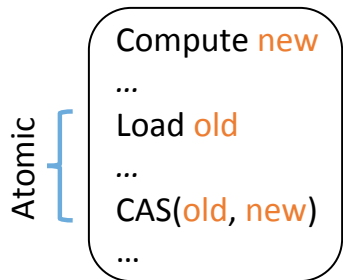


Parallel passing of speculative values between cores

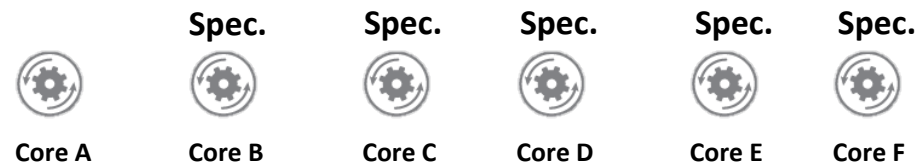


F	new_F
E	new_E
D	new_D
C	new_C
B	new_B
A	new_A

CASPAR – Parallel Validation



Parallel passing of speculative values between cores



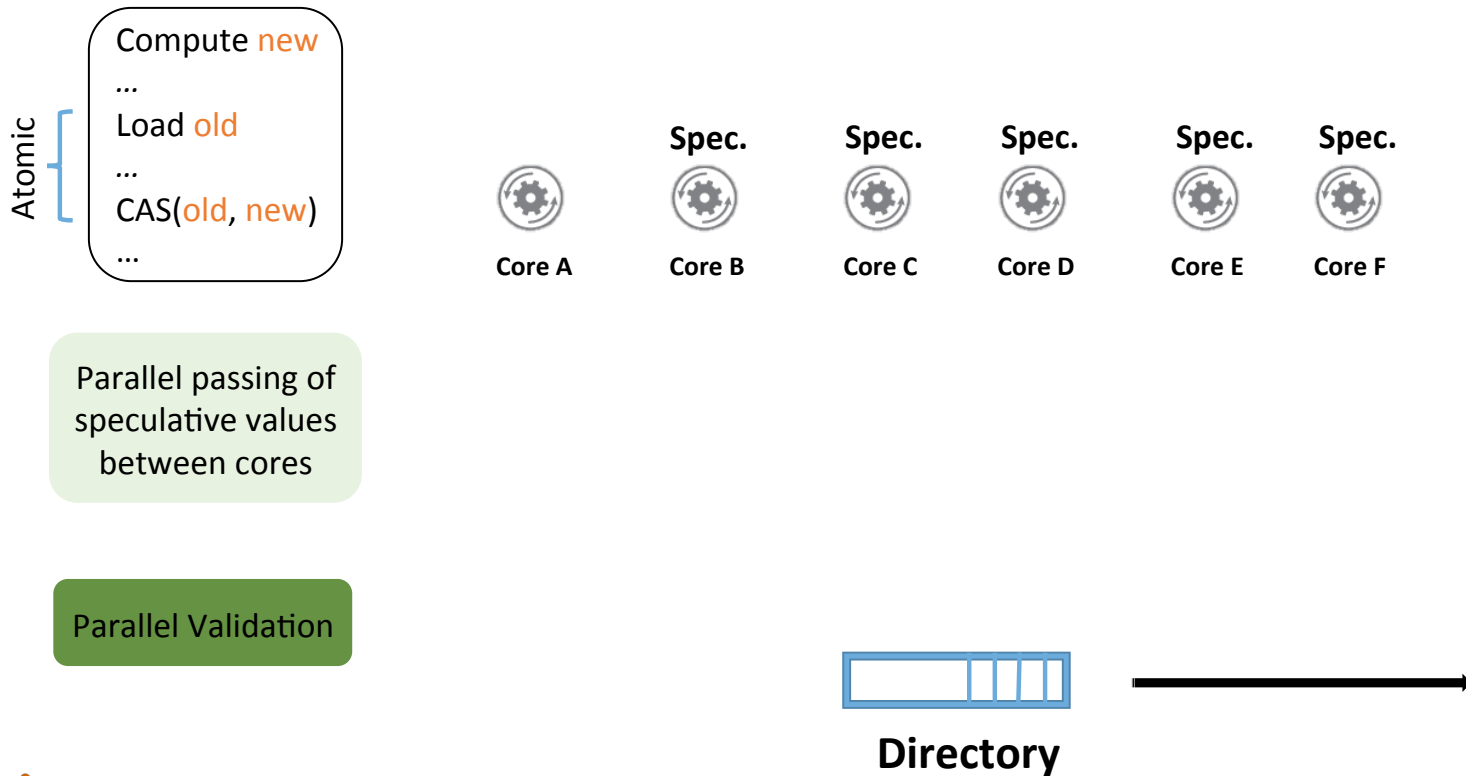
Line

Line == new_A ??

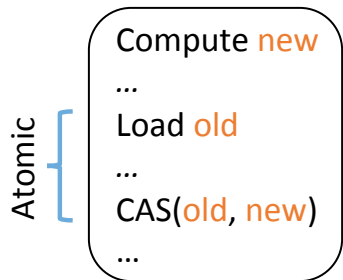
Directory

F	new _F
E	new _E
D	new _D
C	new _C
B	new _B
A	new _A

CASPAR – Parallel Validation

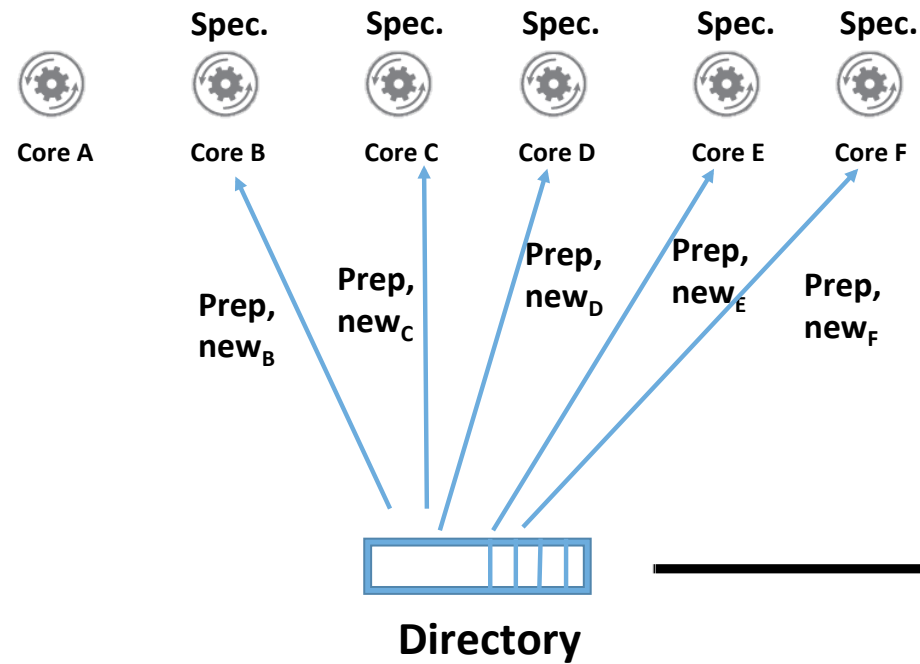


CASPAR – Parallel Validation



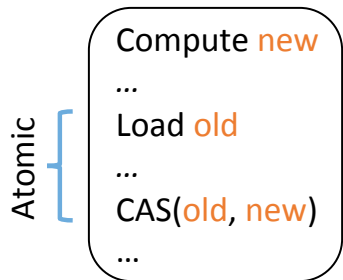
Parallel passing of
speculative values
between cores

Parallel Validation



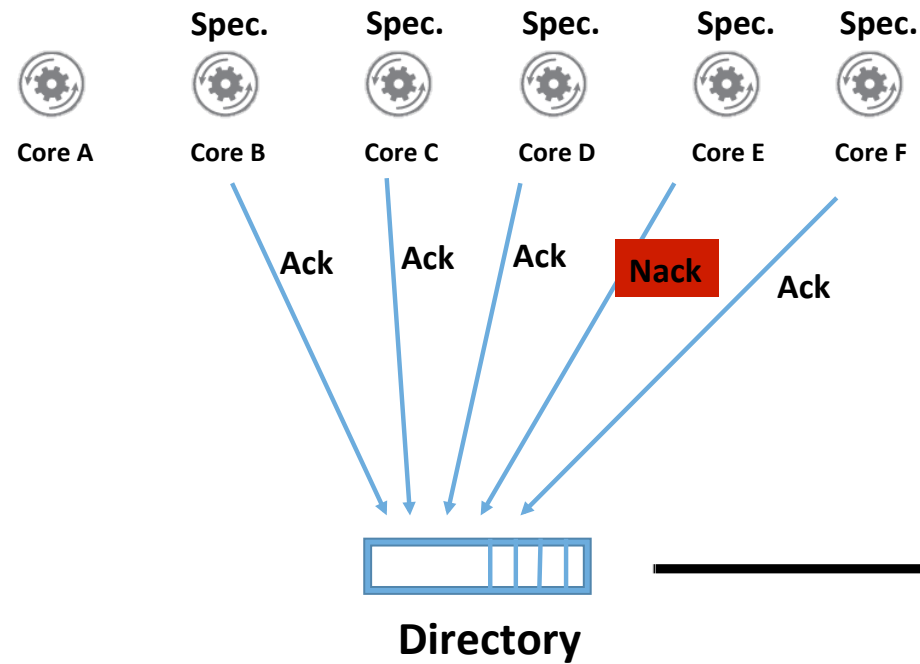
F	new _F
E	new _E
D	new _D
C	new _C
B	new _B

CASPAR – Parallel Validation



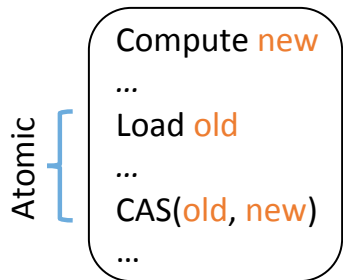
Parallel passing of
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Parallel Validation



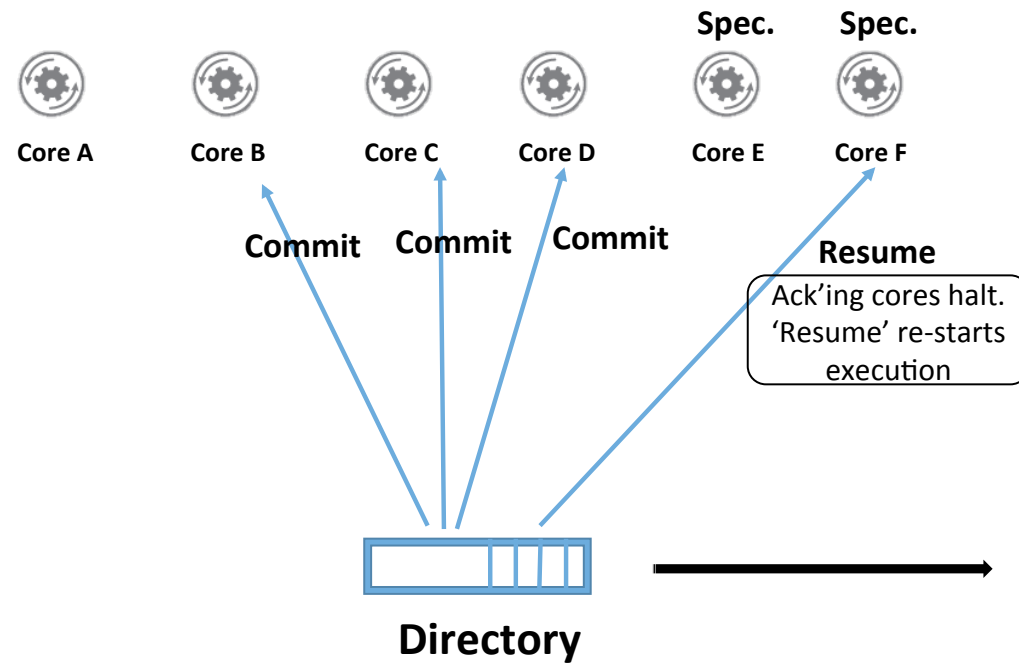
F	new_F
E	new_E
D	new_D
C	new_C
B	new_B

CASPAR – Parallel Validation



Parallel passing of
speculative values
between cores

Parallel Validation



F	new_F
E	new_E

Outcome

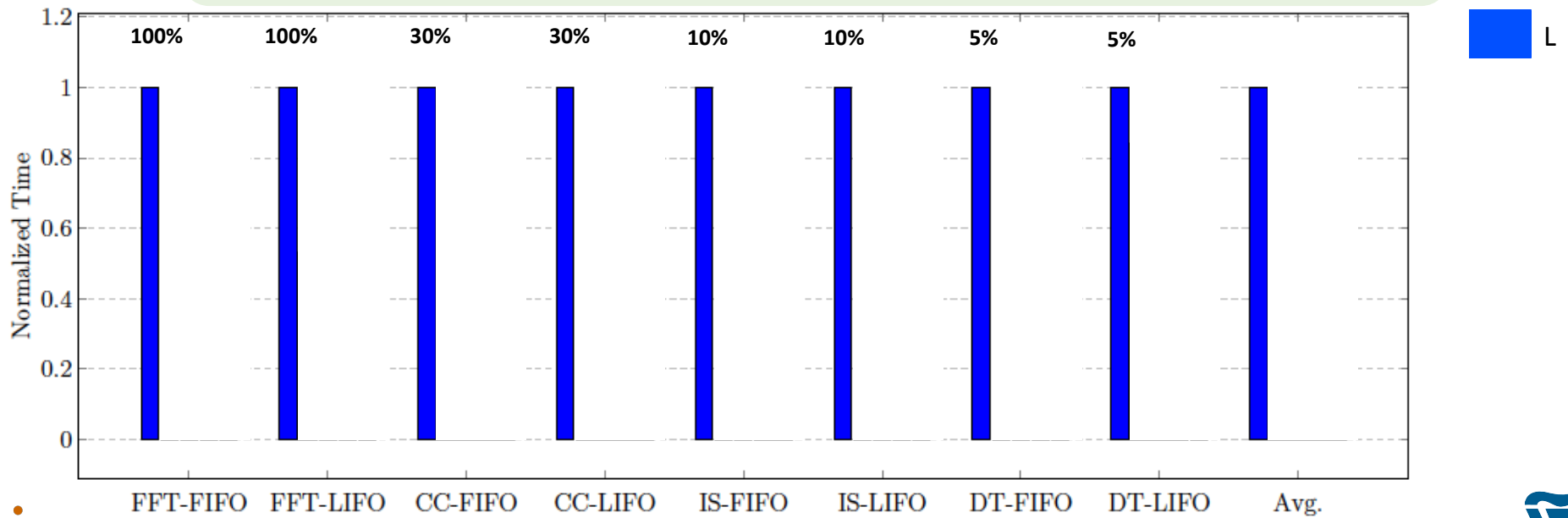


- ✓ **Fully Parallel Data Transfer**
- ✓ **Fully Parallel De-queue**

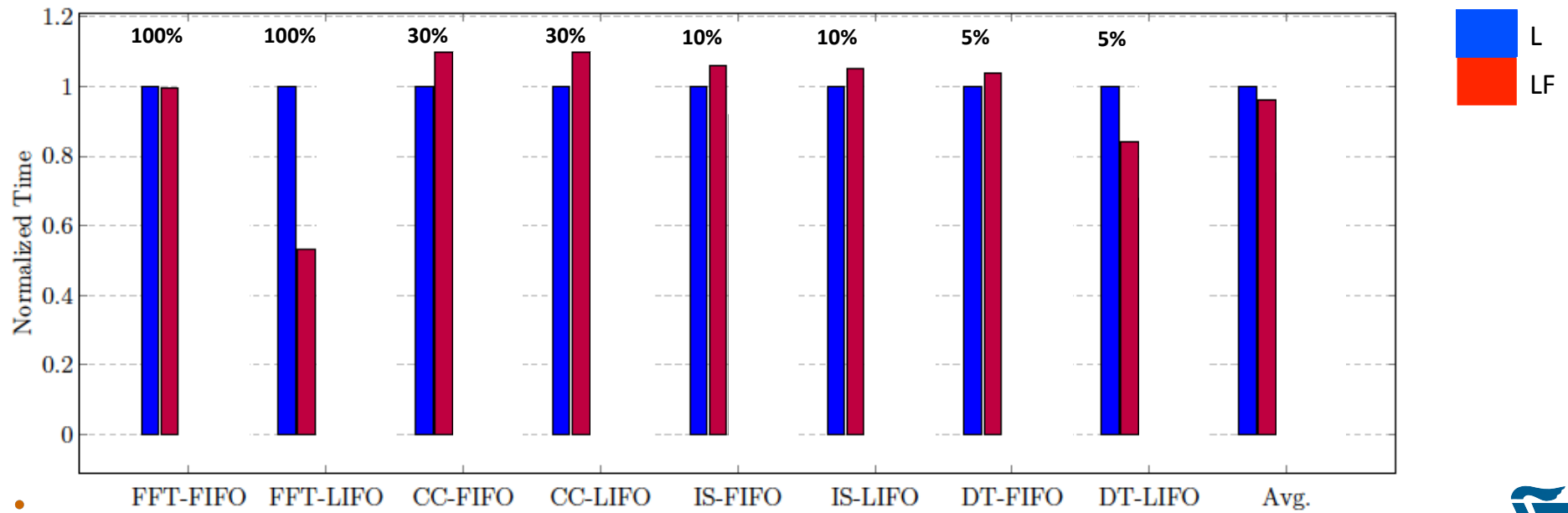
Evaluation



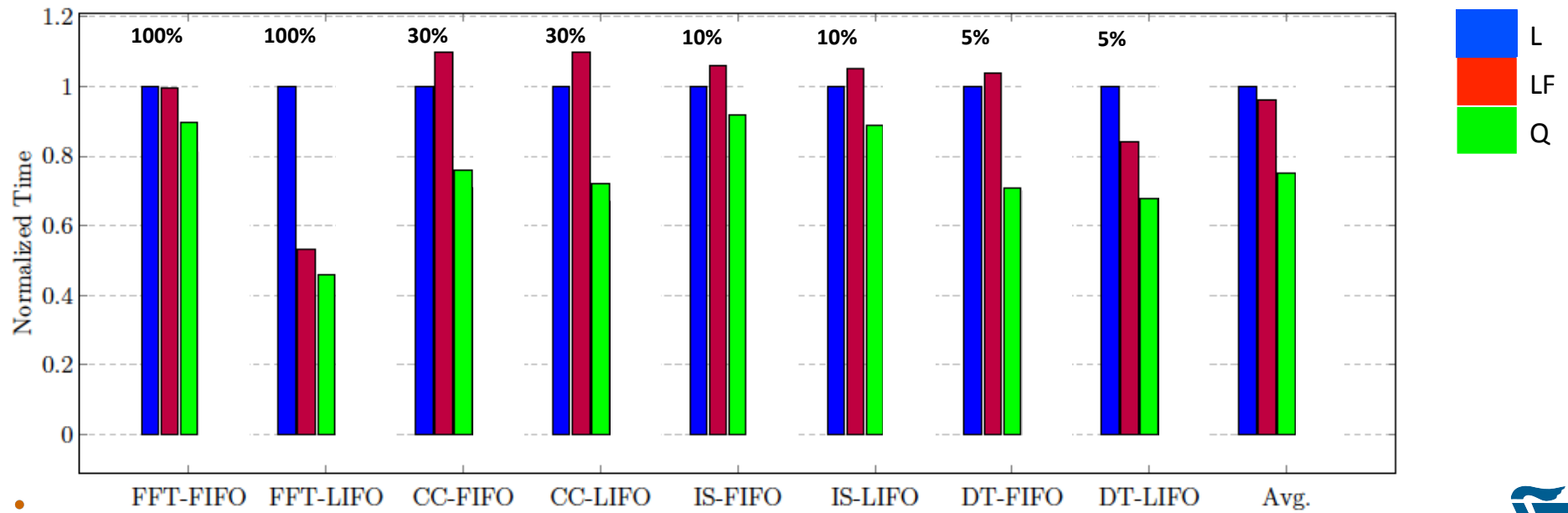
- Sniper simulator, 64 cores, OOO
- **Kernels** : FIFO, LIFO, LIFO-push-only, Mandelbrot, Larson
- **Applications** : Galois graph analytics suite (3x2), Barcelona OpenMP Tasks Suite (1x2)



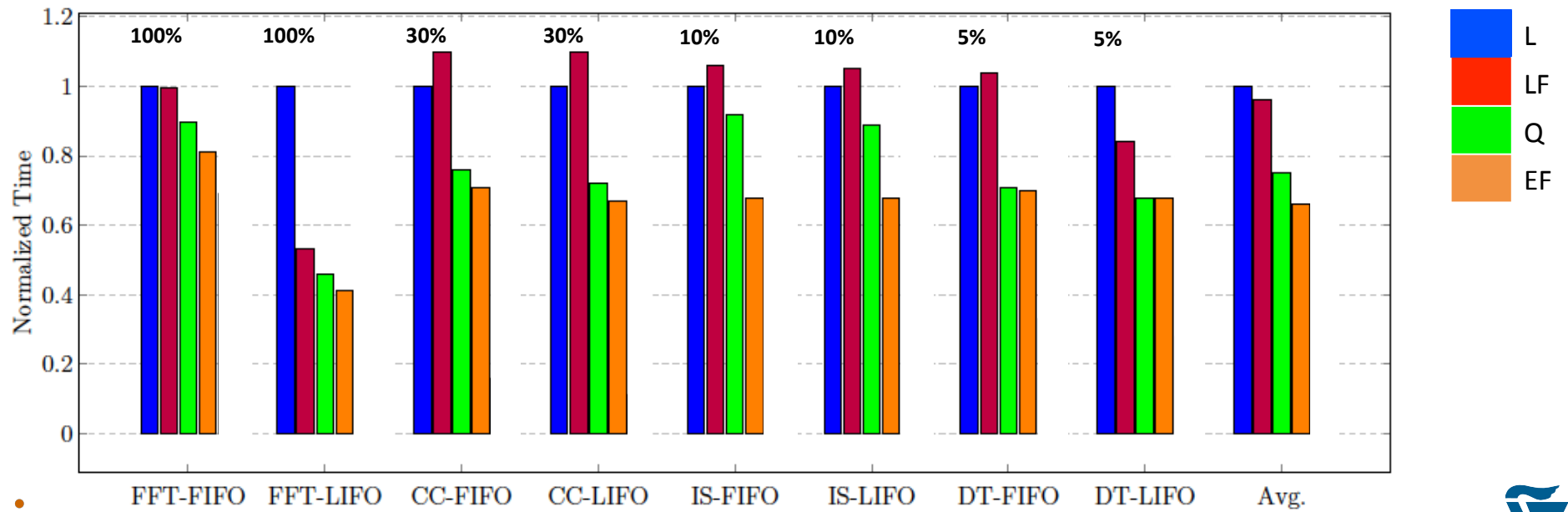
Evaluation



Evaluation



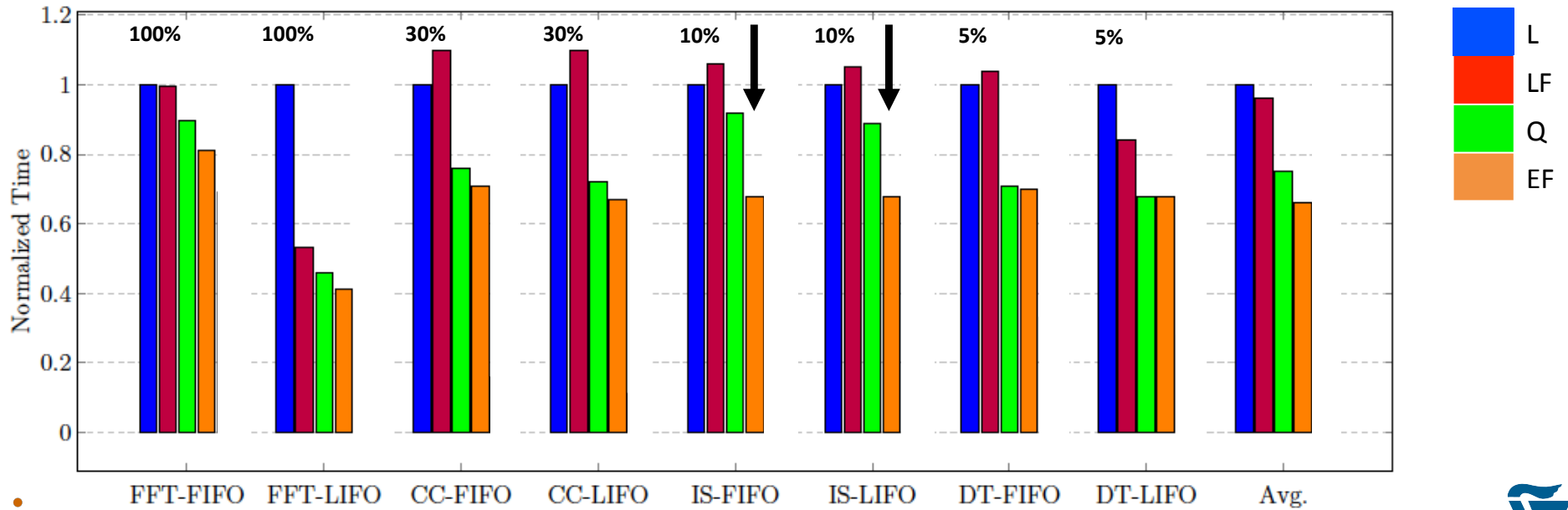
Evaluation



Evaluation



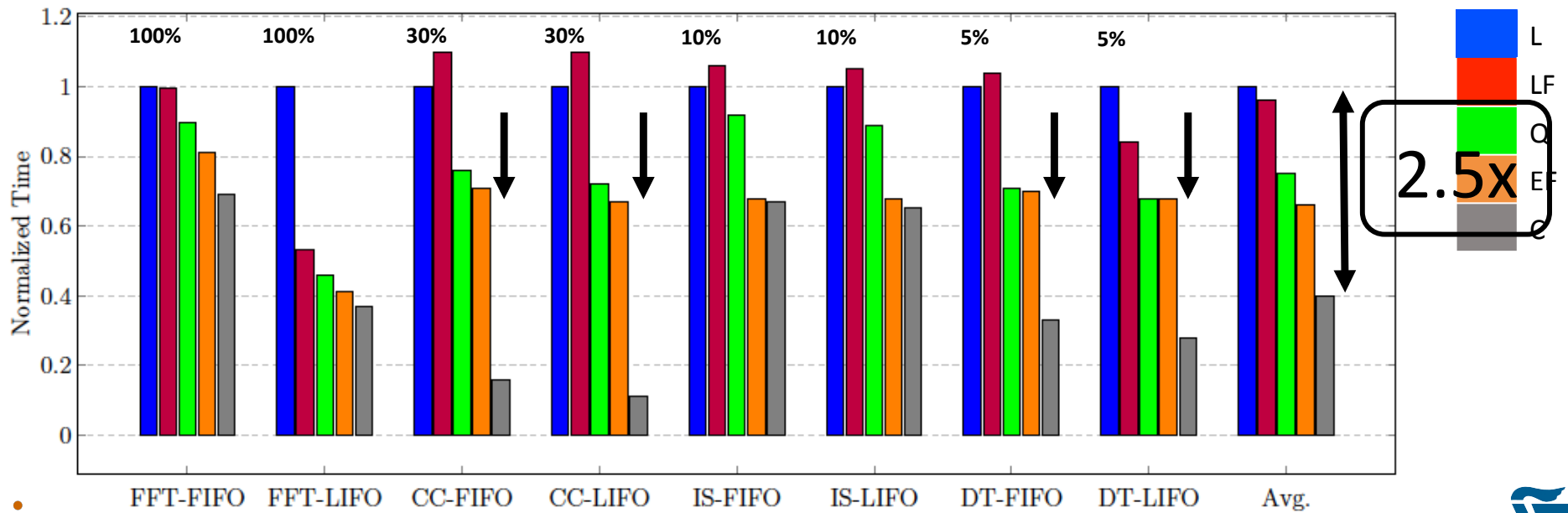
Independent Set (IS) gains from Eager Forwarding since early data transfer exposes work that could be done speculatively and in parallel



Evaluation



Connected Components (CC) and Delaunay Triangulation (DT) gain from Parallel Validation as it removes stalls in EF using group commit



Also in the paper

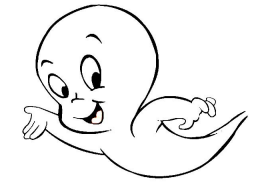


- ✓ Information on proposed hardware changes
- ✓ Handling memory consistency issues
- ✓ Detailed working and correctness of Eager Forwarding and 2PC protocols
- ✓ Scalability plots, cycle-level breakdown for applications
- ✓ Supporting other primitives (e.g. LL/SC)

Conclusions



- CASPAR enables true parallelism in codes using lock-free synchronization
 - Eager Forwarding : **Parallel transfer of data**
 - Parallel Validation : **Parallel de-queue**
- No source code modifications
- **Future Work**
 - Can be used to break conflict serialization in TM designs



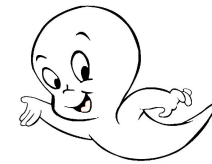
CASPAR: BREAKING SERIALIZATION IN LOCK-FREE MULTICORE SYNCHRONIZATION

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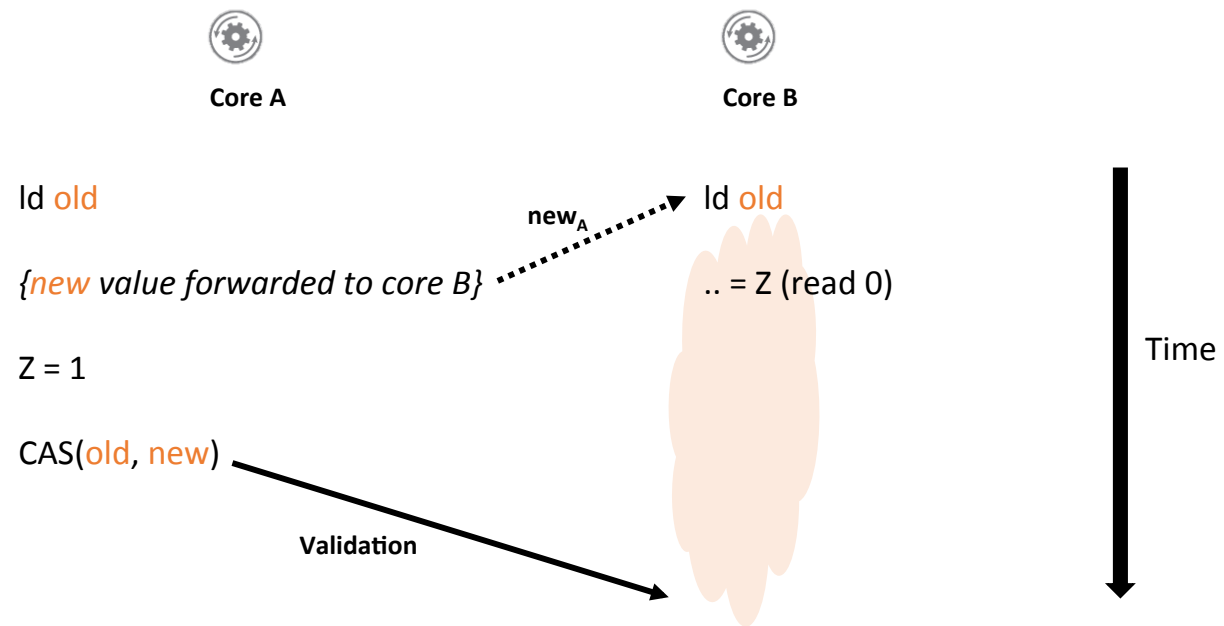
Technion – Israel Institute of Technology^{*}

CASPAR

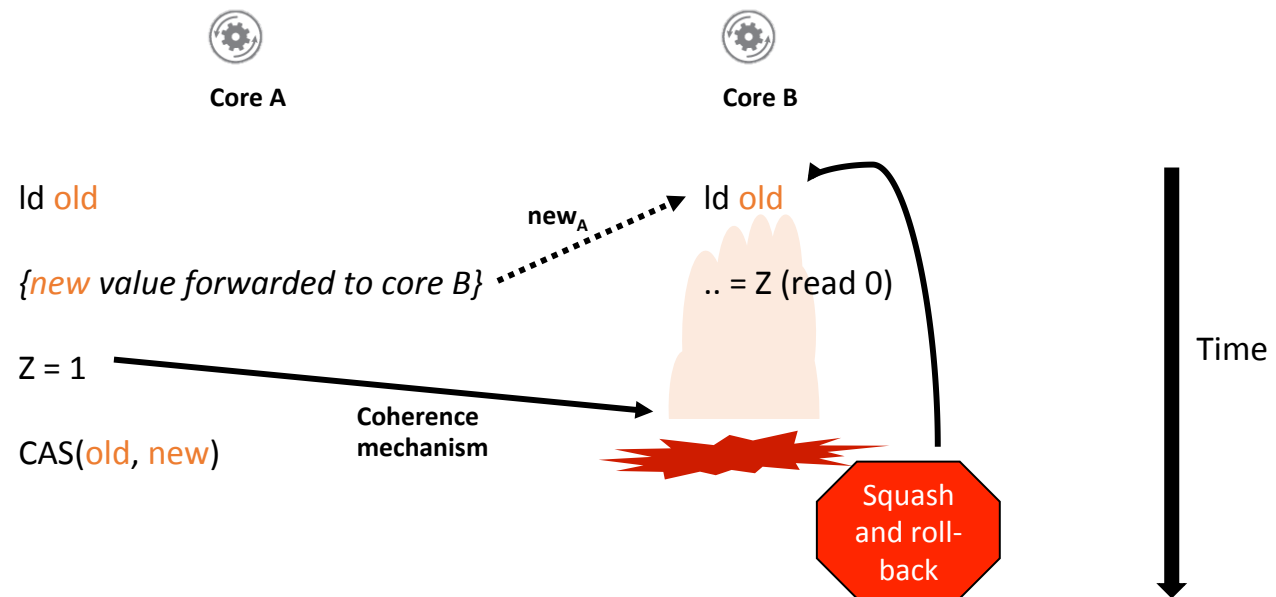


BACKUP

Maintaining Consistency

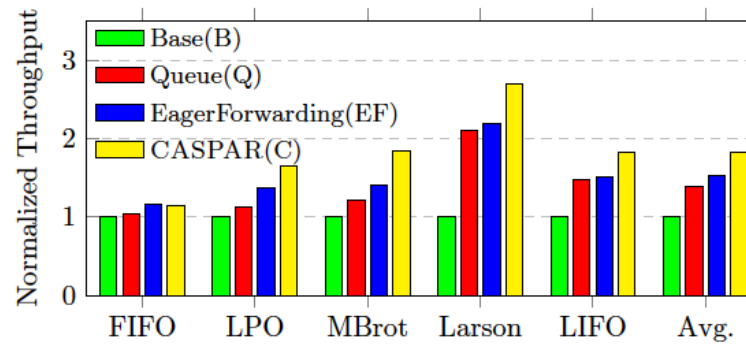


Maintaining Consistency



Forwarding causes no consistency violations

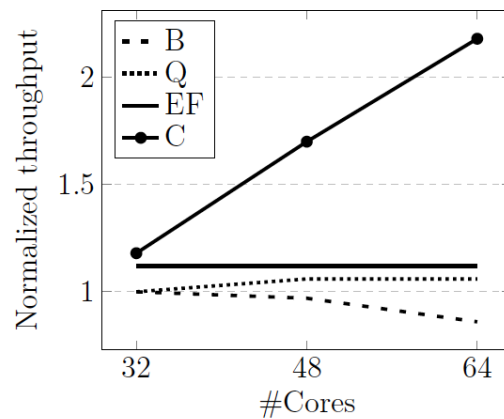
Evaluation (kernels)



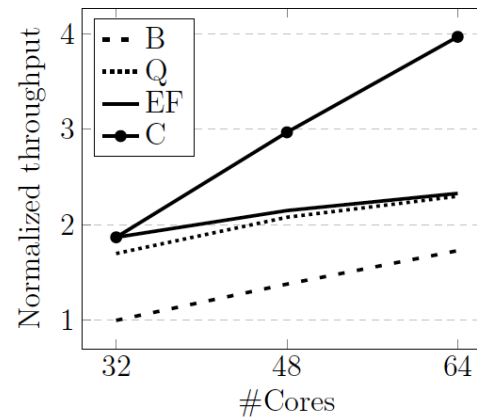
CAS throughput improvements

- EF over Base : 53%
- C over Base : 83%
- EF over Queue : 10%
- C over Queue : 32%

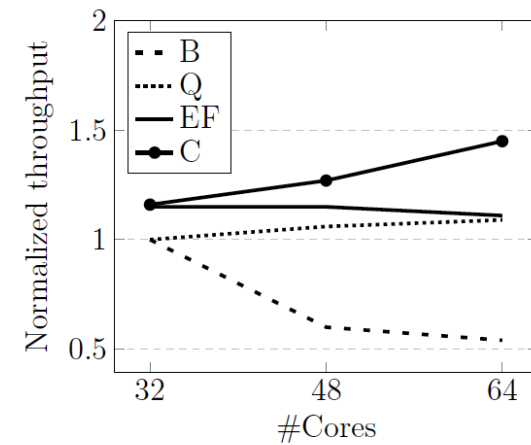
Evaluation (scalability)



LIFO-push-only



Mandelbrot



LIFO

CASPAR greatly improves scalability with number of cores

CASPAR in Entirety

